

THE LACLEDE BLADE.

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LACLEDE, - - - - MISSOURI

Three new railroads will be built through the Pyrenees, to connect the lines of Southern France with those of Northern Spain.

Among the new taxes suggested for increasing the revenues of Sweden is a levy upon all concerts and other entertainments by foreign artists.

Some of the German health insurance companies have found it a paying investment to establish sanatoria for the care of their consumptive policyholders.

"A cemetery for books" is what a French writer calls the National library in Paris, in which the history of France alone is represented by 300,000 volumes.

In St. Petersburg late hours are the rule. The principal streets are generally crowded at 1 o'clock in the morning. Many of the theaters do not open before midnight.

English railroad directors give prizes to station-masters who keep the best cultivated flower beds at their respective stations. Some of the gardens thus maintained are beautiful.

Complimentary to the power of the press is the letter of a Buenos Ayres woman who writes to the editor of a London evening paper asking him to use his influence to prevent the earth's orbit from being changed.

Count Berthollet, Klaproth, John Dalton, Gay Lussac, Count Rumford (Benjamin Thompson), Wochler, Liebig, Alexander von Humboldt, and, in fact, the majority of the eminent chemists and physicians, did their most important work in advanced years.

With the marriage of the Earl of Suffolk to Miss Daisy Leiter, the Americans married to peers number 25. This number includes all the Americans married to peers, with one exception, since 1860, a period of 44 years. Ten of these ladies have no children at all, and six have no sons.

In the Uganda protectorate, described by Sir Harry Johnston, there is the largest lake, the largest swamp and the largest extinct volcano in the world.

There are 50,000 marriages a year in New York, and, despite the popular belief that continues to the contrary, the rate of marriages is highest in Manhattan, and not in Brooklyn. The marriage rate per 1,000 of population in Manhattan is 13.30, which is, as the figures of the cities go, abnormally high. The marriage rate in Brooklyn is 6.75, in Richmond borough 4.60, in The Bronx 4.50 and in Queens 3.15.

King Edward's head cook is a Frenchman, M. Menager, who draws a salary of \$8,000 a year. M. Menager arrives at the palace at 11 a. m., orders what is needed, and superintends the cooking of the luncheon, after which he is free until 6 in the evening. At that hour he begins to prepare the king's dinner. When the dinner is served M. Menager returns to his home.

Ascertaining losses by war operations is a very difficult task, and yet approximate results have been secured. It is noteworthy, but no occasion for surprise, that the number killed and wounded in war during 1904 greatly exceeds that of 1903 by reason of the sanguinary contest between Japan and Russia, in which lives have been recklessly sacrificed. The total loss for the year is about 400,000, as compared with \$6,000 in 1903, 25,000 in 1902 and 3,000 in 1901.

Mrs. Roosevelt and her eldest boy, Theodore, Jr., are becoming familiar to Washington pedestrians. Early shoppers frequently meet them in the quietest streets of Washington, where old books and curios may be found. Mrs. Roosevelt is fond of looking at the curios, and young Theodore loves to prowl among old book stalls, where, if he finds a rare volume, he is happy for the day. Theodore has been compelled to give up his college course because of his fragile health.

The most common adulteration of butter is the use of artificial coloring matters. Formerly only vegetable colors such as annatto were employed, but in late years the development of the chemistry of dye stuffs has offered to the deft dairyman many beautiful yellow tints, which are not only cheaper but more easily mixed with the fat than the old-fashioned vegetable colors. In the United States, especially, has the sin of butter coloring been pushed to an almost unlimited extent, and it is difficult to find upon our markets uncolored butter, even in June.

WARNER IS SENATOR

Long Deadlock at Last Broken by Election of the Kansas City Man.

After Exciting Contest the Republicans Are Successful in Electing Member of Their Party as Senator.

Jefferson City, Mo., March 20.—Warner, 91; Cockrell, 88; Niedringhaus, 1. On the sixty-seventh ballot the senatorial deadlock was broken Saturday afternoon by the election of Maj. William Warner of Kansas City, the ballot standing as shown. There was a riot, which promised bloodshed, incited by dilatory tactics of democrats. The announcement of the result created greater confusion than was awakened by the riot, but it was good-natured and no one tried to stop it. Every one was cheered for, and by one of those singular occurrences the man elected was named last, and so far behind the others that it seemed he would



Maj. William Warner.

be wholly forgotten. Dauer, republican, of St. Louis, was the lone Niedringhaus voter on the last ballot.

There was several interesting features about the balloting on the senatorship. One, and among the most notable, was the time taken in the roll call, which occupied a greater number of minutes in each instance than was consumed in the entire session on many previous days.

While the assembly was demanding an announcement on the result of the balloting, Senator Peck created a commotion which threw everything into wild confusion. No one knew exactly what it meant, though the impression was that he had come to announce his withdrawal from the senatorial contest and to declare his favorite. While he was still standing beside President McKinley, who was presiding, and before he had been given a chance to say a word, if indeed, he desired then to say anything, Senator McDavid mounted a chair, moved the assembly dissolved, and asked a roll call on the motion. The motion to dissolve was lost.

Then Col. Kerens was given recognition, and, as he arose, he was given an ovation which could be interpreted as meaning he had a desire to promote the chances of electing a republican senator by a withdrawal from the contest. It was a shrewd move on the part of the man who had so often been charged with being solely responsible for the failure to elect. When a measure of quiet was restored, Col. Kerens said: "Mr. President, and Gentlemen of the Assembly: Gallantry requires me, before I proceed, to acknowledge the presence of the ladies. I do not think it necessary for me to say I am a Republican. This is a republican assembly. Its duty is to elect a senator, and that senator, let me say, must be a republican. If Maj. Warner is your choice, I say godspeed to him, and to you to elect him."

Authorship of Resolution Denied.
Independence, Kan., March 21.—The Kansas Oil Producers' association sent a telegram to President Roosevelt and Commissioner Garfield denying the alleged resolution condemning the president and Commissioner Garfield. The telegram said: "Kansas oil producers have utmost confidence in you and stand by you. We know nothing of the report."

The C. & A. Borrows \$5,000,000.
Chicago, March 22.—A loan obtained by the Chicago & Alton Railway company for \$5,000,000 secured by supplemental mortgage given the Illinois Trust & Savings bank as security, was filed for record yesterday. The purpose of the loan is for providing funds for additional betterments of the road.

New Railroad Bill in Effect.
Topeka, Kan., March 22.—The new railroad law was published in the official state paper and went into effect yesterday. Gov. Hoch immediately commissioned Carr Taylor, of Hutchinson, as attorney for the railroad board. The members of the board were on hand.

MAJ. WM. WARNER'S CAREER.

New Senator from Missouri Once Ran for Governor Against Man Who is Now His Colleague

Kansas City, Mo., March 20.—When the news reached Kansas City yesterday that Major William Warner, United States district attorney, had been elected United States senator from Missouri to succeed Senator Francis Marion Cockrell there was more genuine pleasure exhibited by Kansas Cityans generally than has been shown in many ways.

No one in Kansas City is better liked than "Bill" Warner, and "Bill Warner" is the term by which he is generally known, whether the major likes it or not.

Major "Bill" Warner is one of the plain people. He can speak at any sort of a meeting. He is always ready to meet any one. Whether Major "Bill" Warner is in an Irish meeting, a German sangerfest, a Jewish synagogue or at a Fourth of July celebration one can depend upon the major to say something appropriate to the occasion.

Maj. William Warner is a dyed-in-the-wool republican. No one ever caught him making a compromise speech at a democratic meeting. When it comes to republican politics the major is always on hand with the goods and he had a sleeve full to deliver whether the politics is in Kansas or Missouri.

Maj. Warner has been an indefatigable worker for the republican party. He had his sympathies in primary contentions, but when the ticket was finally nominated Maj. Warner never hedged.

The new senator has had an interesting career. He was born June 11, 1839, in Lafayette county, Wis., and was an orphan when he was six years old. At the age of ten years he entered the employ of a store keeper in a country town and worked hard and conscientiously for five years, when his employer, impressed by the fidelity and loyalty of his employe, gave William Warner an amount sufficient to give him a two years' course in college.

After leaving school Warner engaged as a teacher, studying law at night, and was admitted to the bar just before the civil war broke out.

In 1862 Warner entered the Thirty-third Wisconsin volunteers and became successively first lieutenant, adjutant, and captain of Company D and in 1864 was commissioned major of the Forty-fourth Wisconsin regiment.

In 1865 he came west and began the

Maj. Warner's career as a lawyer at the Jackson county bar covers a period of 33 years of continuous service. It has been a career of great activity and notable success.

In 1867 Maj. Warner was elected city attorney, resigning to become mayor in 1870. On that occasion he was the only republican upon the ticket who was elected.

In 1882 he was appointed United States district attorney for the western division of Missouri and subsequently was twice elected to congress in the face of a strong democratic majority.

Maj. Warner has twice been elected delegate at large to the republican convention, and in 1898 was appointed by President McKinley to serve for the second time as United States district attorney for the western Missouri district. In 1888 Maj. Warner was honored by the election to the post of commander in chief of the Grand Army of the Republic, having twice previously served as commander of the department of Missouri.

Maj. Warner has always been a prime mover in those interests which tended to rebound to the benefit of Kansas City. In 1875 he was a member of the board of freeholders, which framed a new charter for Kansas City and he was primarily interested in safeguarding the interests of Kansas City through wise provisions incorporated therein. In 1884 he was elected to congress and though a new member succeeded in having passed by both houses 13 bills which he drafted and fathered.

In 1892 as a candidate for governor, Maj. Warner considerably reduced the party majority of an unusually popular democratic candidate, William J. Stone, who will now be Maj. Warner's colleague in the senate.

Maj. Warner received this message from President Roosevelt: "Heartiest congratulations to you and to the republicans of Missouri."

Altogether there were between 300 and 400 telegrams received by the major, all of which he read with profound satisfaction. For nearly every sender he had a little anecdote to reel off, and he remarked that the telegrams made him feel young again, for the soldiers' names revived in his breast many pleasant experiences. Among them were the following:

God bless you. You will honor the state and nation.—T. J. Atkins, St. Louis.
I told them to do it two months ago. Congratulations and best wishes.—J. D. Bowersock, Lawrence, Kan.

Shakespeare Revised.

Shylock was about to take the pound of flesh.
"Too bad you aren't a puglist who lacks just one pound in getting down to the weight limit," he said, airily.
Even at this Antonio did not wince, but when the money lender went on and asked the spectators if they preferred the light or the dark meat, Portia stepped up and sprang her famous surprise.—Detroit Tribune.

Of course, the water wagon may seem a little dry, but just think of the dust you will accumulate!—Indianapolis News.

Miss Day married Mr. Weeks. Although this added weeks to day, yet a day was lost and weeks gained.—Life.

An Ex-Sheriff Talks.

Scott City, Kan., March 20th.—(Special)—Almost every newspaper tells of cures of the most deadly of kidney diseases by Dodd's Kidney Pills. Bright's Disease, Diabetes, Rheumatism and Bladder troubles, in fact any disease that is of the kidneys or caused by disordered kidneys is readily cured by this great American remedy.

But it is in curing the earlier stages of kidney complaint that Dodd's Kidney Pills are doing their greatest work. They are preventing thousands of cases of Bright's disease and other deadly ailments by curing Kidney Disease when it first shows its presence in the body.

Speaking of this work Ex-Sheriff James Scott of Scott County, says: "I have used eight boxes of Dodd's Kidney Pills and must say that they are just the thing for Kidney Disease. We have tried many kidney medicines but Dodd's Kidney Pills are the best of all."

A bad habit resembles a porous plaster on a man's inner consciousness.—Philadelphia Record.

Overcrowded.

It is a pretty dangerous thing to allow your system to get overcrowded with undigested food—poisons, bile poisons, bowel poisons. Get rid of them by taking Dr. Caldwell's (Laxative) Syrup Pepsin, and you will, right away, feel such a wonderful change for the better, that you will never let yourself get into that condition again. Safe and pleasant relief and cure for headache, constipation, biliousness, etc. Try it. Sold by all druggists at 50c and \$1.00. Money back if it fails.

The telephone is 29 years old. Hello, Central—is that party we called 29 years ago busy yet?—Albany Argus.

To Cure a Cold in One Day

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c.

Grab Her!

Askington—Quite a clever girl, isn't she? Sapsmith—Clever? Why, she has brains enough for two!
"Marry her, old fellow! Marry her as quick as you can!"—Smart Set.

Just a Supposition.

Willie—Pa, why do they call a woman a man's helpmeet?

Pa—I suppose it is because when a man

And in Bad Taste.

Mr. Vane—I admit I'm somewhat conceited. It's a bad fault.

Miss Pepprey—Not only that, but it also indicates very bad taste.—Philadelphia Press.

SCIATIC TORTURE

PAIN SUFFERED BY MR. MARSTON AS GREAT AS MORTAL CAN STAND.

For Six Months He Could Not Turn in Bed—He Tells of a Remedy Which Has Given Perfect Relief.

The case of Mr. Marston shows that sciatica can be cured, and no one afflicted by it should allow himself to be disheartened. He was first stricken about a year ago, and for six months he suffered pain which he thinks the most intense that any man could possibly stand.

Asked about the details of his remarkable recovery, Mr. Marston gave the following account: "I was attacked by a numbness or dull feeling just back of my right hip. I didn't know what the matter was, but thought it was simply a stiffness that would wear away in a short time. It didn't, however, and soon the pain became so very bad that every step was torture for me. When I finally succeeded in getting home, it was just as much as I could do to reach my room and get to bed.

"The doctor was sent for, and when he had examined me he said I had sciatica. He prescribed for me, and advised me not to try to leave my bed. The advice was unnecessary for I couldn't get out of bed if I wanted to. It was impossible for me to turn from one side to the other. The moment I attempted to move any part of my body, the pain became so excruciating that I would have to lie perfectly motionless.

"I suffered this torture for six months without getting any relief. Then I discharged the doctor, and on the advice of a friend I bought a box of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills and began to take them, three at a dose, three times a day. I was determined to give them a thorough trial.

"Two months after I began to use them I was able to leave my bed and walk about the house, and a month later I was entirely cured and able to go about my work as usual. I think Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are the best medicine I ever used, and I heartily recommend them to anyone who suffers from sciatica."

Mr. Marston is a prosperous farmer and may be reached by mail addressed to Charles P. Marston, Hampton P. O., New Hampshire. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills have cured other painful nervous disorders, such as neuralgia, partial paralysis and locomotor ataxia. They are sold by all druggists.

An English scientist says that insects are fond of whisky. He seems to agree with that other English scientist who says that man is only an insect.—Atlanta Journal.

You can sometimes extract a good deal of comfort and some profit out of knowing when to quit hoping for the best.—Fack.

Honest error is to be pitied, not ridiculed.—Chesterfield.

DO YOU COUGH
DON'T DELAY
TAKE
KEMP'S
BALSAM
THE BEST COUGH CURE

It Cures Coughs, Sore Throat, Croup, Influenza, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis and Asthma. A certain cure for Consumption in first stages, and a sure relief in advanced stages. Use at once. You will see the excellent effect after taking the first dose. Sold by dealers everywhere. Large bottles, 25 cents and 50 cents. Sample free. Address: KEMP'S BALSAM, LE ROY, N. Y.

SICK HEADACHE

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.
Positively Cured by these Little Pills. They also relieve Distress from Dyspepsia, Indigestion and Too Hearty Eating. A perfect remedy for Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Coated Tongue, Pain in the Side, TORPID LIVER. They regulate the Bowels. Purely Vegetable.

SMALL PILL. SMALL DOSE. SMALL PRICE.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.
Genuine Must Bear Fac-Simile Signature
W. D. Wood
REFUSE SUBSTITUTES.

Around the World

"I have used your Fish Brand Slickers for years in the Hawaiian Islands and found them the only article that made it possible for me to stay in this country (Africa) and think a great deal of your coats."
(NAME ON APPLICATION)

HIGHEST AWARD WORLD'S FAIR, 1904.

The world-wide reputation of Tower's Fish Brand Slickers is the positive worth of all garments bearing this Sign of the Fish.

A. J. TOWER CO., Boston, U. S. A.
TOWER CANADIAN CO., LIMITED,
Toronto, Canada.

SOUTHERN CONDITIONS AND POSSIBILITIES.

In no part of the United States has there been such wonderful Commercial, Industrial and Agricultural development as along the lines of the Illinois Central and the Yazoo & Mississippi Valley Railroads in the States of Tennessee, Mississippi and Louisiana, within the past ten years. Cities and towns, within the past ten years, have doubled their population. Splendid business blocks have been erected. Farm lands have more than doubled in value. Hundreds of industries have been established and as a result there is an unprecedented demand for

Day Laborers, Skilled Workmen, and especially Farm Tenants.

Parties with small capital, seeking an opportunity to purchase a farm home; farmers who would prefer to rent for a couple of years before purchasing; and day laborers in fields or factories will address a postal card to Mr. J. F. Merry, Asst. General Passenger Agent, Dubuque, Iowa, who will promptly mail printed matter concerning the territory above described, and give specific replies to all inquiries.

THE COMING COUNTRY

If you are looking for a better opportunity—a chance to get more and better returns for your labor—look Southwest.

In Indian Territory, Oklahoma and Texas more men are needed to develop the large areas of unimproved land, not now yielding the crops of which it is capable. There are openings in the towns for factories, mills, small stores, newspapers and lumber yards. We want you to know more of this coming country, and will gladly send to any address, free by return mail, copy of our latest publication "The Coming Country." Address

GEORGE MORTON,
General Passenger and Ticket Agent,
BOX 911. ST. LOUIS, MO.

EXCURSIONS

TO THE FREE GRANT LANDS of WESTERN CANADA

During the months of March and April, there will be Excursions on the various lines of railway to the Canadian West.

Hundreds of thousands of the best Wheat and Grazing Lands on the Continent free to the settler.

Adjoining lands may be purchased from railway and land companies at reasonable prices. For information as to route, cost of transportation, etc., apply to SUPERINTENDENT OF IMMIGRATION, Ottawa, Canada, or to J. A. CHAPMAN, 125 West 14th Street, Kansas City, Mo., Authorized Canadian Government Agent.